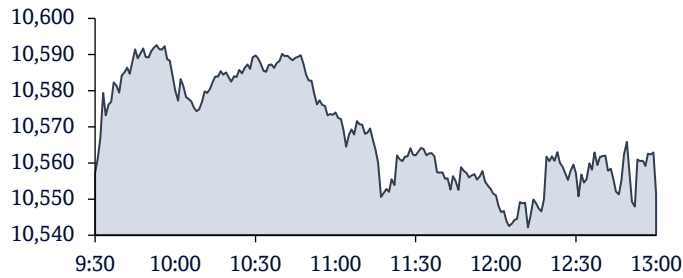


QSE Intra-Day Movement



Qatar Commentary

The QE Index declined marginally to close at 10,551.4. Losses were led by the Industrials index, falling 0.4%. Top losers were Doha Bank and Widam Food Company, falling 1.6% and 1.1%, respectively. Among the top gainers, Al Khaleej Takaful Insurance Co. gained 3.3%, while Gulf Warehousing Company was up 2.9%.

GCC Commentary

Saudi Arabia: The TASI Index gained 0.4% to close at 11,145.6. Gains were led by the Insurance and Capital Goods indices, rising 1.4% and 1.0%, respectively. Tabuk Agricultural Development Co rose 5.8%, while Bupa Arabia for Cooperative Insurance Co was up 5.2%.

Dubai: The DFM Index gained 1.7% to close at 6,055.0. Gains were led by the Consumer Staples and Real Estate indices, gaining 5.2% and 4.2% respectively. Al Mazaya Holding Company and Spinneys 1961 Holding both rose 6.0%.

Abu Dhabi: The ADX General Index gained 1.6% to close at 9,963.3. The Real Estate index rose 4.5%, while the Industrial index gained 2.4%. Al Dhafra Insurance Co rose 14.9%, while Abu Dhabi National Energy Company was up 13.3%.

Kuwait: The market was closed on 16 June 2026.

Oman: The MSM 30 Index gained 0.2% to close at 7,633.5. Gains were led by the Financial and Services indices, rising 0.3% and 0.1%, respectively. Asyad Shipping rose 6.0%, while Majan College was up 3.9%.

Bahrain: The market was closed on 16 June 2026.

QSE Top Gainers	Close*	1D%	Vol. '000	YTD%
Al Khaleej Takaful Insurance Co.	3.043	3.3	5,216.8	33.7
Gulf Warehousing Company	2.290	2.9	3,300.8	2.2
Lesha Bank	2.320	2.7	12,130.5	24.7
Ezdan Holding Group	0.901	2.2	14,940.3	(14.8)
Salam International Inv. Ltd.	0.809	1.6	7,963.2	11.4

QSE Top Volume Trades	Close*	1D%	Vol. '000	YTD%
Mesaieed Petrochemical Holding	1.203	(0.6)	18,351.7	10.1
Ezdan Holding Group	0.901	2.2	14,940.3	(14.8)
AlRayan Bank	2.103	(0.8)	13,926.3	(4.1)
Lesha Bank	2.320	2.7	12,130.5	24.7
Mazaya Qatar Real Estate Dev.	0.579	0.3	10,775.5	1.0

Regional Indices	Close	1D%	WTD%	MTD%	YTD%	Exch. Val. Traded (\$ mn)	Exchange Mkt. Cap. (\$ mn)	P/E**	P/B**	Dividend Yield
Qatar*	10,551.42	(0.0)	2.8	(0.0)	(2.0)	122.1	174,600.6	12.1	1.4	4.8
Dubai	6,054.98	1.7	5.6	5.2	0.1	498.7	268,748.8	9.6	1.7	5.2
Abu Dhabi	9,963.26	1.6	4.4	2.7	(0.3)	698.7	746,585.9	19.7	2.3	2.5
Saudi Arabia	11,145.55	0.4	0.9	0.6	6.2	1,240.0	2,619,992.9	17.3	2.2	3.4
Kuwait^	8,835.90	(0.0)	1.3	0.2	(0.8)	466.7	171,448.3	18.1	1.8	3.8
Oman	7,633.50	0.2	(0.0)	(1.6)	30.1	96.7	53,089.3	14.7	1.7	4.0
Bahrain^	2,000.23	0.4	1.0	1.1	(3.2)	4.3	20,510.5	16.5	1.4	4.4

Source: Bloomberg, Qatar Stock Exchange, Tadawul, Muscat Securities Market and Dubai Financial Market (** TTM; * Value traded (\$ mn) do not include special trades if any, ^ Data as of 15 June 2026)

Market Indicators	16 June 26	15 June 26	%Chg.
Value Traded (QR mn)	445.1	657.9	(32.4)
Exch. Market Cap. (QR mn)	637,228.5	636,324.6	0.1
Volume (mn)	171.2	229.0	(25.2)
Number of Transactions	23,423	38,620	(39.4)
Companies Traded	53	54	(1.9)
Market Breadth	29:21	38:11	-

Market Indices	Close	1D%	WTD%	YTD%	TTM P/E
Total Return	26,073.89	(0.0)	2.8	1.3	12.1
All Share Index	4,135.82	0.0	3.2	1.9	11.9
Banks	5,248.87	0.0	4.5	0.1	10.4
Industrials	4,296.60	(0.4)	0.4	3.8	15.6
Transportation	5,493.24	0.3	5.4	0.5	13.1
Real Estate	1,510.74	0.2	3.3	(1.2)	24.5
Insurance	2,749.52	0.3	1.3	9.9	10.4
Telecoms	2,534.39	0.9	0.7	13.7	12.0
Consumer Goods and Services	8,265.01	0.4	1.9	(0.7)	17.6
Al Rayan Islamic Index	5,300.01	(0.0)	1.6	3.6	14.5

GCC Top Gainers##	Exchange	Close #	1D%	Vol. '000	YTD %
Abu Dhabi National Energy Co	Abu Dhabi	2.640	13.3	15,582.3	(21.4)
Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank	Abu Dhabi	14.86	6.1	15,132.1	3.9
Asyad Shipping Co	Oman	0.281	6.0	6,371.8	57.0
Bupa Arabia for Co. Ins	Saudi Arabia	196.6	5.2	243.5	41.5
Emaar Properties	Dubai	12.30	5.1	64,957.3	(12.5)

GCC Top Losers##	Exchange	Close#	1D%	Vol. '000	YTD%
Fertiglobe PLC	Abu Dhabi	2.850	(5.0)	10,059.9	14.5
Umm Al Qura for Dev.	Saudi Arabia	16.32	(1.9)	1,800.8	(5.1)
flynas Co	Saudi Arabia	56.75	(1.8)	1,012.3	(12.8)
Saudi Research & Media Group	Saudi Arabia	79.85	(1.8)	139.6	(35.9)
ADNOC Logistics	Abu Dhabi	6.060	(1.5)	23,286.3	2.4

Source: Bloomberg (# in Local Currency) (## GCC Top gainers/ losers derived from the S&P GCC Composite Large Mid Cap Index)

QSE Top Losers	Close*	1D%	Vol. '000	YTD%
Doha Bank	2.938	(1.6)	3,132.9	2.4
Widam Food Company	1.538	(1.1)	4,284.0	3.0
Industries Qatar	11.64	(0.9)	2,954.4	(2.4)
Ahli Bank	4.097	(0.8)	127.6	9.3
Zad Holding Company	13.88	(0.8)	41.1	(0.1)

QSE Top Value Trades	Close*	1D%	Val. '000	YTD%
Qatar Gas Transport Company Ltd.	4.413	(0.0)	36,286.9	(1.7)
Industries Qatar	11.64	(0.9)	34,589.9	(2.4)
QNB Group	18.25	0.4	32,685.6	(2.2)
AlRayan Bank	2.103	(0.8)	29,418.9	(4.1)
Lesha Bank	2.320	2.7	28,059.8	24.7

Qatar Market Commentary

- The QE Index declined marginally to close at 10,551.4. The Industrials index led the losses. The index fell on the back of selling pressure from Arab and Foreign shareholders despite buying support from Qatari and GCC shareholders.
- Doha Bank and Widam Food Company were the top losers, falling 1.6% and 1.1%, respectively. Among the top gainers, Al Khaleej Takaful Insurance Co. gained 3.3%, while Gulf Warehousing Company was up 2.9%.
- Volume of shares traded on Tuesday fell by 25.2% to 171.2mn from 229mn on Monday. However, as compared to the 30-day moving average of 150.4mn, volume for the day was 13.9% higher. Mesaieed Petrochemical Holding and Ezdan Holding Group were the most active stocks, contributing 10.7% and 8.7% to the total volume, respectively.

Overall Activity	Buy%*	Sell%*	Net (QR)
Qatari Individuals	35.27%	32.16%	13,842,981.30
Qatari Institutions	26.80%	26.86%	(252,337.71)
Qatari	62.07%	59.01%	13,590,643.59
GCC Individuals	0.35%	0.38%	(172,279.98)
GCC Institutions	6.57%	2.02%	20,263,915.20
GCC	6.92%	2.40%	20,091,635.22
Arab Individuals	7.38%	9.16%	(7,895,214.78)
Arab Institutions	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
Arab	7.38%	9.16%	(7,895,214.78)
Foreigners Individuals	2.09%	2.13%	(175,377.60)
Foreigners Institutions	21.54%	27.29%	(25,611,686.43)
Foreigners	23.63%	29.43%	(25,787,064.03)

Source: Qatar Stock Exchange (*as a % of traded value)

Global Economic Data and Earnings Calendar

Global Economic Data

Date	Market	Source	Indicator	Period	Actual	Consensus	Previous
06/16	US	Bureau of Labor Statistics	Import Price Index MoM	May	1.90%	1.00%	2.00%
06/16	US	Bureau of Labor Statistics	Import Price Index YoY	May	6.70%	5.70%	--
06/16	US	U.S. Census Bureau	Housing Starts	May	1177k	1430k	1392k
06/16	US	U.S. Census Bureau	Housing Starts MoM	May	-15.40%	-2.00%	-8.50%
06/16	US	U.S. Census Bureau	Building Permits	May P	1413k	1418k	--
06/16	US	U.S. Census Bureau	Building Permits MoM	May P	-0.70%	-0.90%	--
06/16	China	National Bureau of Statistics	Retail Sales YoY	May	-0.60%	-0.20%	--
06/16	China	National Bureau of Statistics	Retail Sales YTD YoY	May	1.40%	1.40%	--
06/16	China	National Bureau of Statistics	Industrial Production YoY	May	4.50%	4.40%	--
06/16	China	National Bureau of Statistics	Industrial Production YTD YoY	May	5.40%	5.30%	--
06/16	China	National Bureau of Statistics	Fixed Assets Ex Rural YTD YoY	May	-4.10%	-2.30%	--

Earnings Calendar

Tickers	Company Name	Date of reporting 2Q2026 results	No. of days remaining	Status
ABQK	Ahli Bank	16-July-26	29	Due

Qatar

- GWC announces the formation of new subsidiary companies and the renaming of one of its existing subsidiaries** - Gulf Warehousing Company Q.P.S.C. (GWC), hereby discloses the following developments within the Group: 1. Establishment of GWC Express Trading LLC – United Arab Emirates; 2. Establishment of GWC Biosafe for Hazardous Transportation WLL – State of Qatar; 3. Change of the name of Prime Inspection Services to GWC Busulba Logistics Services WLL – State of Qatar; 4. Establishment of GWC Energy Logistics LLC – Sharjah Branch 1 – United Arab Emirates. These steps come within the framework of the Group's strategy to expand its operations and diversify its logistics services across the region. There is no material impact expected on the Company's financial statements as a result of the above. (QSE)
- QCB issues government Ijara sukuk worth QR6.5bn** - The Qatar Central Bank (QCB) issued on Tuesday Government Ijara sukuk on behalf of the Ministry of Finance with a value amounting to QR6.5bn, reports QNA. In a post on X, the QCB said that the maturity periods of the Sukuk varied as per the following details: QR3.250bn (an addition to an existing issuance) with a maturity date of September 3, 2028, and a yield of 4.450%, and QR3.250bn (an addition to an existing issuance) with a maturity date of August 24, 2030, and a yield of 4.450%. The QCB clarified that total bids for the sukuk reached approximately QR 14.5bn. (Gulf Times)
- QFC contributes 3.5% to Qatar's non-oil GDP** - Qatar Financial Centre (QFC) published its Economic Impact Assessment Report showing that QFC contributed to 2.2% of total GDP and 3.5% of non-oil GDP. These figures represent a 13% increase in GVA compared to 2022, reflecting

QFC's growing role as a driver of economic activity in Qatar. QFC's contribution to Qatar's economy extends well beyond its immediate operations, flowing through multiple layers of economic activity. The direct activity of QFC-registered firms, which collectively managed \$41.6bn in assets and generated \$5.8bn in revenues in 2024, is only part of the picture. The ripple effect of their local procurement and the spending power of their employees further amplify QFC's overall economic footprint across sectors such as retail, housing, and services. The report also highlights the growing scale of economic activity within the QFC ecosystem, with QFC-registered firms employing 44,178 people across Qatar in 2024, representing an increase of 34% since 2022. This growth reflects the expanding base of firms choosing to establish and grow their operations through QFC, drawn by its enabling business environment and access to Qatar's dynamic market. Growth has been particularly strong in consultancy, digital, media, insurance, corporate banking, and holding companies. Beyond these figures, the report reflects QFC's structural role as a gateway connecting international investors and businesses to Qatar, facilitating access to capital and supporting knowledge transfer across sectors. (Qatar Tribune)

- Qatar General Insurance & Reinsurance Company: General Assembly for 2024 and 2025** - Qatar General Insurance & Reinsurance Company announces the invitation to its shareholders to attend the General Assembly Meeting AGM and EGM for the year 2024 and the General Assembly Meeting AGM for the year 2025 which will be held on Wednesday 08 July 2026 at 06:00 PM, in case of not completing the legal quorum, the second meeting will be held on Wednesday 15 July 2026 at 06:00 PM. The meeting will take place at Sharq Village & Spa – Al Sonbok

Hall. The meeting registration (self or proxy) will start from 3:30 PM till 5:30 PM. (QSE)

- QFMA, Qatar Stock Exchange and Edaa Conclude Joint Participation at the HSBC GCC Exchanges Conference in London** - The Qatar Financial Markets Authority (QFMA), Qatar Stock Exchange (QSE), and Edaa successfully concluded their participation in the fifth edition of the GCC Capital Markets Conference, organized by HSBC in London from 8 to 11 June 2026. The participation reflected the growing standing of Qatar's Capital Markets on the international stage and highlighted the continued development of the financial sector in the State of Qatar. It gave listed Qatari companies a strategic platform to connect with leading asset managers and global institutional investors. Building on this strong presence, and reflecting rising international confidence in Qatar's Capital Markets, the conference featured a series of high-level meetings. A delegation representing Qatar's Capital Market ecosystem, led by the Chief Executive Officers of QFMA, QSE, and Edaa, held extensive discussions with leading international investors, financial institution executives, asset managers, prime brokers, global custodians, and representatives of major financial and investment institutions. Discussions focused on the development of Capital Markets across the GCC, strengthening liquidity, governance, investment opportunities, cross-border capital flows, and the continued advancement of market infrastructure. QSE discussed the ongoing development of Qatar's financial market and highlighted the latest regulatory reforms and the market's growing appeal to international investors seeking stable, long-term investment opportunities. On the sidelines of the conference, Qatar Stock Exchange took part in the GCC Capital Markets CEOs meeting. As part of its wider program to strengthen engagement with international investors, the HSBC GCC Exchanges Conference in London provided a platform that brought together representatives from 14 listed Qatari companies and representatives from 40 global investment institutions. During the HSBC GCC Exchanges Conference, the participating Qatari companies held 185 one-on-one and group meetings with representatives from international investment institutions. The meetings covered financial performance, growth prospects, and the fast-moving economic shifts underway in Qatar. These meetings reflect Qatar Stock Exchange's strategic focus on building long-term, sustainable relationships with foreign investment institutions that continue to raise their allocations in Qatar as they diversify their portfolios. This joint participation demonstrates the ongoing coordination and integration between QFMA, QSE and Edaa in support of the objectives of Qatar's Third Financial Sector Strategy. Each institution plays a vital role in strengthening the competitiveness, efficiency and attractiveness of Qatar's Financial Markets at both regional and international levels. Qatar's Capital Market continues to establish their position as one of the most resilient and advanced markets in the region, supported by the strength of the national economy and effective collaboration among key stakeholders to advance market infrastructure, regulatory development and investor engagement. This momentum is further reinforced by market depth, a diversified investor base, product innovation, enhanced liquidity measures. These efforts continue to strengthen investor confidence locally and internationally, while strengthening Qatar's position as a leading investment destination with growing competitive advantages at the regional and global levels. (QSE)
- Qatar General Insurance & Reinsurance Company: General Assembly for 2024 and 2025** - Qatar General Insurance & Reinsurance Company announces the invitation to its shareholders to attend the General Assembly Meeting AGM and EGM for the year 2024 and the General Assembly Meeting AGM for the year 2025 which will be held on Wednesday 08 July 2026 at 06:00 PM, in case of not completing the legal quorum, the second meeting will be held on Wednesday 15 July 2026 at 06:00 PM. The meeting will take place at Sharq Village & Spa – Al Sonbok Hall. The meeting registration (self or proxy) will start from 3:30 PM till 5:30 PM. (QSE)
- Qatar poised as regional startup hub: WBG official** - A senior World Bank official has said Qatar has the foundations needed to emerge as a leading regional hub for innovation and entrepreneurship, citing its strong investment capacity, skilled workforce and strategic geographic position. World Bank Group (WBG) Country Manager for Qatar, Holly Welborn

Benner, told Qatar News Agency (QNA) that the country possesses many of the key ingredients required for a thriving start-up ecosystem, including access to capital, innovative entrepreneurs and strong connections to local, regional and international markets. She said these advantages place Qatar in a strong position to accelerate the development of an integrated and sustainable entrepreneurial ecosystem. Benner's comments came alongside the launch of the Innovative Startup Ecosystem report, produced in cooperation with the Qatar-US Business Council. She said the initiative supports Qatar's efforts to strengthen its start-up sector, which she described as a key component of the country's National Vision 2030 strategy. According to Benner, entrepreneurship and innovation will play an important role in advancing economic diversification, supporting sustainable growth and creating employment opportunities. She noted that the report provides a comprehensive, evidence-based assessment of Qatar's start-up landscape and offers a series of practical recommendations aimed at accelerating growth within the sector. The World Bank Group's Doha office is also seeking to deepen cooperation with government institutions and private-sector partners to support innovation and entrepreneurship, she said, while helping to develop emerging industries that could drive economic growth in the years ahead. Qatar has increasingly prioritized innovation, technology and private-sector development as part of broader efforts to reduce dependence on hydrocarbon revenues and build a more diversified knowledge-based economy. (Qatar Tribune)

- Qatar Airways to serve 160+ destinations** - Qatar Airways continues to deliver on its commitment to network restoration and is steadily expanding its reach to more than 160 gateways, offering greater ease and convenience for international travelers. Starting today, the airline is returning to 26 destinations across key global markets. In a statement published yesterday, the World's Best Airline resumed safe and secure operations from March 2026 to more than 60 destinations. It gradually began rebuilding its network to facilitate global connectivity and will now serve more than 160 destinations this summer. More than 140 Qatar Airways aircraft are equipped with Starlink, making it the world's first and largest Starlink-equipped widebody fleet. Passengers in both Premium and Economy cabins can enjoy Wi-Fi speeds of up to 500Mbps per aircraft. (Gulf Times)
- Amir meets US president on sidelines of G7 Summit** - His Highness the Amir of the State of Qatar Sheikh Tamim bin Hamad Al Thani on Tuesday met with President of the United States of America HE Donald Trump on the sidelines of the Group of Seven (G7) Summit in Evian-les-Bains, France. HH the Amir affirmed the strong strategic relations between Qatar and the United States, noting the significant trade partnership since the US president's visit to Qatar last year. HH the Amir also said that Qatar has substantial investments in the US, in addition to US investments in Qatar, expressing his satisfaction with the level of relations between the two countries. HH the Amir also expressed his appreciation for the US president's efforts during this critical period in the Middle East, reiterating both countries' commitment to supporting regional peace and stability. HH the Amir welcomed the agreement between the United States and Iran and affirmed Qatar's support for efforts aimed at a lasting agreement that enhances security and stability in the region. At the beginning of the meeting, the US president expressed his gratitude and appreciation to HH the Amir, praising the friendly ties and the high regard in which His Highness is held. He also referred to the agreement between his country and Iran and its second phase, while commending Qatar's role in managing the crisis. Speaking about economic relations, he appreciated Qatar's significant investments in his country, underscoring the United States' strengths in industry, artificial intelligence, and the automotive sector, as well as the opportunities these offer for enhancing economic cooperation. The meeting discussed relations between the two countries as well as regional and international developments, particularly those in the Middle East, in addition to efforts to promote stability, primarily maritime security in the Strait of Hormuz and ensure the smooth flow of international trade. It also addressed the memorandum of understanding between the United States and Iran regarding outstanding issues along with diplomatic efforts to resolve regional crises, and coordination between the two countries on issues of mutual interest, including energy security and economic cooperation. The meeting was attended by Prime

Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs HE Sheikh Mohammed bin Abdulrahman bin Jassim Al Thani; Chief of Amiri Diwan HE Abdullah bin Mohammed Al Khulaifi; and several members of the official delegation accompanying HH the Amir. From the US side, it was attended by Secretary of State HE Marco Rubio; Secretary of the Treasury HE Scott Bessent; and several members of the official delegation accompanying the US president. (Qatar Tribune)

- GTA rolls out tax specialist program** - The General Tax Authority (GTA) has announced the launch of the nationally recognized Certified Tax Specialist Program, aimed at developing national competencies and strengthening the capabilities of tax professionals, thereby supporting the advancement and transformation of Qatar's tax sector. The program is designed to enhance technical expertise in key areas, including income tax, value-added tax and excise tax, in line with internationally recognized standards and best practices. Delivered through intensive in-person sessions, the program combines technical knowledge with practical application. It concludes with a proctored electronic examination to assess participants' competencies and acquired knowledge. The curriculum covers a range of specialized topics, including tax fundamentals, tax compliance frameworks, global tax developments, tax reporting and transfer pricing, alongside practical applications relevant to professional practice. The program is internationally accredited by the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA), enhancing the credibility of the certification and confirming its alignment with global professional standards. It also contributes to improving the capabilities and competitiveness of national talent within the tax sector. The Tax Certification Program forms part of the General Tax Authority's ongoing efforts to develop national competencies and support the long-term sustainability of Qatar's tax sector. It aligns with the Authority's agenda to enhance professional skills, strengthen institutional knowledge and adopt global best practices, contributing to the development of a flexible and highly efficient tax system. The program also supports the qualification and certification of specialized professionals to provide tax services and consultancy in accordance with the regulations and instructions of the General Tax Authority, thereby enhancing transparency and efficiency across the tax sector. (Qatar Tribune)
- Doha conference examines future of Islamic finance in era of AI** - Under the patronage of HE Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs Sheikh Mohammed bin Abdulrahman bin Jassim Al-Thani, the 12th Doha Islamic Finance Conference kicked off in Doha on Tuesday. The conference, held under the theme: "Islamic Finance in the Age of Agentic Systems", was inaugurated by HE Minister of Commerce and Industry Sheikh Faisal bin Thani bin Faisal Al Thani, with HE Minister of Endowments and Islamic Affairs Ghanem bin Shaheen bin Ghanem Al Ghanem in attendance. The event convened government authorities, international organizations, as well as financial and academic enterprises in the domains of economy, finance, and technology. The conference intends to envision the paths of Islamic funding in the era of agentic artificial intelligence, advanced systems that are capable of transcending the conventional and generic AI boundaries to present entities that are capable of undertaking independent roles and taking decisions based on Sharia regulations and legal systems. Overall, the conference explores avenues for leveraging AI to advance endowment, strengthen participatory economy, and unpack the phenomenon of agentic systems to elevate the efficiency of managing Zakat and achieve sustainable development. Addressing the inaugural session, HE Chairman of the Board of Directors of Dukhan Bank Sheikh Abdulla bin Fahad bin Jassim Al-Thani said the world is incredibly evolving in terms of the nature of smart technologies. He affirmed that there are wider opportunities to reshape financial services and operations and subsequently reinforce efficiency, competency and capability of responding to changes, and ultimately usher in a new era of data- and knowledge-based financial innovation. According to Dukhan Bank, His Excellency noted, developing these technologies is an opportunity to further shore up the pioneering of Islamic banking through leveraging cutting-edge technologies at a time the bank considers this digital transition as a core pillar in its path owing to the technology's significance in charting the future of Islamic financial future. This pathway has been materialized in the bank's performance throughout 2025, he noted,

stating that the bank maintained its positive performance, reflecting a robust financial position and its capacity for sustained growth and long-term sustainability. On the digital stage, the bank continued to upgrade its digital platforms and services in terms of payment and banking solutions, with the bank being granted the award of best digital transformation initiative in the Middle East and North Africa in 2025. Director-General of the General Directorate of Endowments at the Ministry of Endowments and Islamic Affairs (Awqaf), Eng. Hassan Abdullah Al Marzouqi, stated that the ministry continues to be a foundational pillar and a defining feature of Islamic civilization and the building of contemporary societies. Today, he said, given the rapidly evolving technologies and the emergence of smart systems capable of independent decision-making, humans find themselves before a phase of mutations affecting various fields of Islamic work and institutional development, broadening wide horizons to foster operational efficiency and governance. Al Marzouqi explained that these mutations impose a responsibility to anticipate their legal, regulatory, and Sharia implications, and to govern these technologies and leverage them in a way that determines public interest, reinforces sustainable development, and simultaneously ensures the growth and sustainability of endowment assets and the definition of the conditions set by donors within a disciplined Sharia framework. On his part, the chief financial and tax officer at Qatar Financial Centre (QFC), Hamed Al Saadi, affirmed that this year's conference theme reflects the significance of the transformations taking place in the financial sector considering artificial intelligence, noting that AI-based solutions offer substantial capabilities, including a deeper understanding of client needs. He further stated that despite the major opportunities provided by these technologies, optimal utilization requires addressing a set of challenges, foremost of which are issues of governance, transparency, and accountability, alongside questions surrounding the degree of autonomy of these systems. For his part, the Secretary-General of the International Islamic Fiqh Academy (IIFA), Dr. Qutb Mustafa Sano, shared that the challenge today is not whether to accept or reject agentic intelligent systems, but rather how to guide them and leverage their benefits consistently with the objectives of Islamic Sharia. The future relationship between the Muslim community and agentic systems will not be a conflict between humans and machines, Sano noted, but rather a model of integration and cooperation, where machines provide services while moral and legal responsibility remains with humans, and these technologies contribute to deepening efficiency, precision, and speed of execution. The Chairman of the Higher Organizing Committee of the Doha Islamic Finance Conference, Prof. Dr. Khalid bin Ibrahim Al Sulaiti, affirmed that this year's conference comes at a time when the world and the region are going through rapid mutations in which economic, technological, and geopolitical dimensions are intertwined in an unprecedented manner. Recent events have demonstrated how limited developments within a geographic scope can rapidly extend their impact to global markets and the movement of trade and energy, he said, while agentic systems have emerged as one of the foremost tools relied upon in responding to these changes, given their ability to analyze vast amounts of data and make decisions in record time. Al Sulaiti noted that the expansion of agentic systems in the world of finance and business, taking over tasks that were exclusively reserved for humans for decades, makes the study of Islamic finance and its role in this future landscape a strategic imperative that goes beyond technological interest toward anticipating the future of the financial industry. (Qatar Tribune)

- Qatar to be represented at Geneva signing ceremony** - State of Qatar will be represented at the signing ceremony of the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between the United States and Iran, scheduled to take place in Geneva, Switzerland, coming Friday (June 19), said Adviser to the Prime Minister and Official Spokesperson for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs Dr. Majed bin Mohammed Al Ansari yesterday. "The MoU, which had already been signed electronically as a preliminary step will be formally signed on Friday paving the way for the negotiation phase. All regional parties including Qatar, are working to facilitate communication between the two sides to ensure the success of the process and restore regional peace and security to pre-war conditions." he said while addressing weekly media briefing. Praising Pakistan's mediation role, Dr. Al Ansari said that Qatar had participated in supporting the mediation track led by the Islamic Republic of Pakistan. "Qatar's role focused

primarily on supporting Pakistan's efforts to develop common ground between the parties, ensuring the restoration of normal navigation through the Strait of Hormuz, maintaining the ceasefire, and advancing negotiations between the United States and Iran." To a question about the success of future talks between the US and Iran to address core issues, Dr Al Ansari expressed Qatar's 'cautious optimism' that the signing of the MoU would lead to the next phase of negotiations, contributing to regional stability through talks focused on the nuclear file and broader regional security issues. "No conflict can be resolved without a sustainable mechanism to address its underlying causes and that lasting peace can only be achieved through a continuous political process and sustained dialogue." He reaffirmed Qatar's support for Pakistani mediation and its backing of Pakistan as the principal mediator between the United States and Iran. "Qatar continues to play its role in supporting regional security and stability in coordination with regional and international partners." (Peninsula Qatar)

International

- Tehran can immediately sell oil upon signing US-Iran deal, US official says** - The U.S. will allow Iran to immediately begin selling oil and fuel under the memorandum of understanding the two sides reached to end the war, a senior U.S. official said on Tuesday. The provision for waiving sanctions on Iranian oil sales takes effect once the agreement is signed this week and also covers services including banking, transportation and insurance to facilitate the sales, the source said. The U.S. official said the agreement has conditions. "This is a performance-based agreement," the person said on condition of anonymity. "Iran can only access any benefits of the MOU if they abide by all of the points they agreed to – including no nuclear weapon, neutralizing its enriched material, and not interfering with the free flow of navigation in the Strait of Hormuz." The administration of President Donald Trump re-imposed sanctions on the OPEC member in 2018 over Tehran's nuclear program and support of militant groups across the Middle East. Iran has always said its nuclear program is for civilian purposes. Brett Erickson, a sanctions expert and managing principal at Obsidian Risk Advisors, called the move a "multi billion-dollar concession to Iran." "After months of blockade pressures, Washington has chosen to provide Tehran with an irreversible financial benefit," Erickson said. The U.S. military blockaded Iranian oil from coming out of the Strait of Hormuz, through which 20% of the world's oil and liquefied natural gas normally flows. Iran effectively shut the strait after the U.S. and Israel launched attacks on Iran on February 28. Erickson said Iran has more than 100mn barrels of oil in storage and on tankers that could be easily sold, with more than 60mn barrels of that outside the U.S. blockade. The world uses about 100mn barrels of oil a day. A senior Iranian official told Reuters on Sunday that the final draft of the memorandum of understanding with the U.S. waives oil sanctions on Iran for a specific period, allowing Tehran to sell oil and receive revenue. Following a final agreement, all U.S. and U.N. sanctions on Iran would be lifted according to an agreed timetable, the draft said. (Reuters)
- US import prices increase more than expected in May** - U.S. import prices rose more than expected in May amid strong gains in the prices of fuels and capital goods, leading to the largest annual increase in nearly four years. Import prices increased 1.9% last month after an upwardly revised 2.0% jump in April, the Labor Department's Bureau of Labor Statistics said on Tuesday. Economists polled by Reuters had forecast import prices, which exclude tariffs, rising 1.0% after a previously reported 1.9% surge in April. In the 12 months through May, import prices advanced 6.7%. That reading was the largest year-on-year increase since August 2022 and followed a 4.2% rise in April. Oil prices have soared amid the U.S.-Israeli war with Iran, fanning inflation. Washington and Tehran said on Sunday they had agreed terms to end the war and reopen the Strait of Hormuz, though the pact may hinge on an end to hostilities in Lebanon. Consumer inflation increased at its fastest pace in three years in May, while producer prices posted their largest gain in 3-1/2 years, the government reported last week. Rising inflation and labor market stability have raised the chances of an interest rate increase from the Federal Reserve. Economists, however, viewed the bar as high for policy tightening. U.S. central bank officials were due to start their two-day policy meeting on Tuesday. They were expected to keep the Fed's benchmark overnight interest rate in the
- 3.50%-3.75% range, but pivot away from an easing bias, economists predicted. Prices of imported fuel increased 12.5% last month after shooting up 18.6% in April. Imported capital goods rose 1.3%. An artificial intelligence spending spree is pushing up imported capital goods prices. (Reuters)
- China's economic imbalance deepens as retail sales fall for first time in over three years** - China's economy showed increasing unevenness in May, with retail sales falling for the first time in over three years and investment slumping, while industrial output picked up pace. Tuesday's official data highlighted a two-speed growth pattern in the world's second-largest economy, with factories buoyed by surprisingly resilient exports but domestic demand weakening amid a multi-year property market downturn. Retail sales, a key gauge of consumption, slid 0.6% in May, data from the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) showed, reversing April's 0.2% rise and below the estimated 0.0% in a Reuters poll. It was the first monthly fall since December 2022. The fragility was evident in the auto sector. A downturn in domestic car sales extended into an eighth consecutive month in May, underscoring softening demand in the world's largest auto market, where pressure is likely to persist through the rest of the year. Travelers' spending during the five-day Labor Day holiday in May was lukewarm, and the impact of the government's consumer-goods trade-in scheme is fading. A high base from May last year also contributed to the decline. (Reuters)
- Bank of Japan raises rates to 31-year high, flags more to come** - The Bank of Japan raised interest rates to a 31-year high on Tuesday in a landmark step in its policy normalization, signaling readiness to tighten further as it focuses on taming price pressures from the Iran-war-induced energy shock. The hike was the first since December and aligns the BOJ with other central banks shifting towards tighter policy to combat inflation, including the European Central Bank. Deputy Governor Shinichi Uchida indicated the BOJ would continue to raise rates, focusing on the risk of inflation deviating upward from its 2% target despite an easing of immediate economic risks tied to the Iran war. While acknowledging the recent U.S.-Iranian peace deal as a welcome move, he noted persistent price pressures as firms become more active in passing on costs and raising wages. "With underlying inflation approaching 2%, we need to be mindful of upward price risks. We will guide policy so that we won't fall behind the curve," Uchida told a news conference he held on behalf of Governor Kazuo Ueda, who missed the meeting for medical treatment. In a widely expected move, the BOJ raised its short-term policy rate to 1% from 0.75%, taking borrowing costs to levels unseen since 1995. "Taking into account that medium- and long-term inflation expectations have also continued to increase, there is a risk of underlying inflation deviating above our price target," the BOJ said in explaining the move. The decision was made by a 7-1 vote. Toichiro Asada, who was hand-picked by dovish premier Sanae Takaichi, dissented. "It's quite striking the BOJ mentioned so clearly that underlying inflation could deviate upward from its target," said former BOJ official Nobuyasu Atago. "It's essentially saying there is a real risk of being behind the curve. There's a chance the BOJ could hike rates sooner than the dominant market view of a December action." (Reuters)
- Japan's exports rise on weak yen, AI boom, but price-led gains mask weak volumes** - Japan's exports grew for a ninth straight month in May, data showed on Wednesday, as a weaker yen, higher commodity prices and solid semiconductor demand offset the drag from major supply disruptions linked to the U.S.-Israeli war with Iran. The global artificial intelligence boom has cushioned parts of the world economy against war-driven risks, enabling import-dependent nations like Japan to absorb the immediate shock to growth and trade. Total exports by value rose 17% year-on-year in May, government data showed, outpacing a median market forecast for a 16.2% increase and following a 14.8% rise in April. By volume, however, they rose just 0.5% last month. Price effects, driven by the yen's weakness and surging energy costs, were important drivers of both exports and imports, Koki Akimoto, an economist at Daiwa Institute of Research, said. "With the overall volume hardly increasing, exports lacked underlying strength," he added. Exports of electronic components drove overall growth, as strong demand from AI and data centers pushed up prices for memory chips and non-ferrous metals. Exports to the United States rose 12.5% in May from a year earlier, while

those to China were up 17.9%, the data showed. Overall imports grew 12.5% in May from a year earlier, compared with market forecasts for a 12.8% increase, with the gains coming despite a plunge in crude oil import volumes, as the closure of the Strait of Hormuz sharply raised the prices of crude and related products. Crude oil imports plunged 28.5% in value terms and 57.3% in volume terms, with per-unit cost in yen hitting an all-time high. As a result, Japan ran a trade deficit of 378.7bn yen (\$2.36bn) in May, compared with the forecast of a 564.6bn yen deficit. Separate data, also released earlier in the day, showed Japan's core machinery orders rose 8.7% in April from the previous month, better than a median market forecast of a 0.9% increase. The orders data suggest businesses might be beginning to raise investment. (Reuters)

Regional

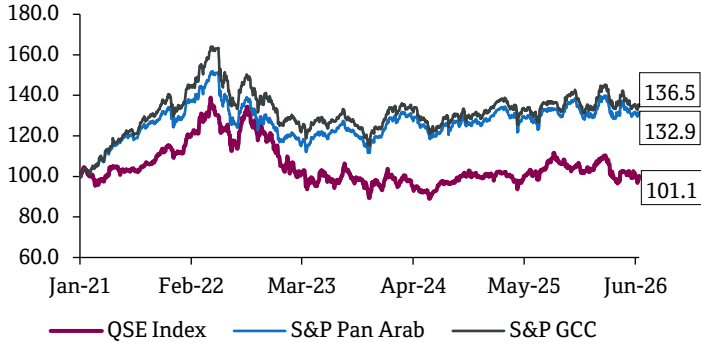
- Hormuz reopening seen unleashing pent-up Gulf grain demand** - An interim US-Iran deal to end their months-long war and potentially fully reopen the Strait of Hormuz is likely to trigger a rush of grain imports to nations in the Arabian Gulf after months of reliance on longer, less efficient routes. A vital conduit for global commodity trade, Hormuz has been effectively closed since the first strikes on Iran at the end of February. The closure has reshaped regional grain flows, forcing importers to use ports outside the strait that are often not equipped to handle grain cargoes. The Gulf is among the world's most import-dependent food markets, relying on overseas supplies for roughly 90% of its food consumption. Iran alone ranks among the world's largest buyers of soybean meal and is also a major importer of Brazilian corn. Many of the region's main grain import hubs — such as Jebel Ali in the United Arab Emirates, Dammam in Saudi Arabia and Iran's Bandar Imam Khomeini — lie behind the strait. "For grains, you need the specialist equipment to handle it, like silos. They will eventually have to go back to those ports in the Middle East Gulf," said Alexis Ellender, lead dry bulk analyst at Kpler. There are a few vessels moving in and out of the Gulf, "but you're looking at maybe three dry bulk carriers a day on average. Normally, it would be above 20." Most of the Gulf's major grain import facilities are located inside the Strait of Hormuz. That's kept the region's total grain imports well below historical levels. In May, overall grain imports to the region fell to 942,000 tons, down more than 50% from a year ago, Kpler data show, highlighting the extent to which alternative routes have failed to replace pre-war flows through the Strait of Hormuz. Still, while a reopening of the waterway would allow buyers to return to their preferred ports, a large backlog of vessels waiting to transit could create short-term congestion across shipping and port networks. "The region will want to restock," said Louisa Follis, director of dry cargo analysis at Clarksons. Still, "there's a lot of logistics to sort out. I think there's going to be plenty of inefficiency in the market." (Gulf Times)
- Saudi-backed Riyadh Air wins approval to operate US flights** - Saudi Arabia's new airline Riyadh Air won the right to operate flights to and from the United States, the U.S. Transportation Department said in an order Tuesday. The airline launched its first London flight on its new Boeing fleet last week. Launched in 2023, Riyadh Air is Saudi Arabia's second national airline after Saudia, and is owned by the country's Public Investment Fund. USDOT said "the grant of this authority is consistent with the public interest." Riyadh Air told USDOT when it sought approval last month that it intends to operate to more than 100 international destinations by 2030 and currently has or is planning partnerships with at least 10 international air carriers including Delta Air Lines (DAL.N). Delta has said it plans to begin nonstop service to Riyadh from Atlanta in October. Deliveries are set to bring its fleet to eight by the end of July, and it plans to fly to 22 cities by March 2027, Riyadh CEO Tony Douglas said last week. With up to 72 787s and as many as 60 A321neos and 50 A350s on order, Douglas calls it "the biggest global aviation startup in modern history". The airline is part of the oil-producing country's plan to diversify its economy into new industries such as tourism, logistics and technology. Riyadh Air has announced routes to Cairo, Dubai, Jeddah, Madrid and Manchester so far, and cities in India are likely to follow, Douglas said. (Reuters)
- Saudi Arabia: Eastern Province attracts over \$1.87bn in foreign investment through environmental projects** - The Eastern Province has attracted more than SR7bn in foreign investment through environmental projects across its cities and governorates. Eastern Province Municipality spokesperson Faisal Al Zahrani said the municipality is working to attract high-quality investments in recycling projects and green industries through partnerships with the National Center for Waste Management and a national recycling company. The initiative aims to increase the utilization of municipal, construction, and demolition waste by converting it into products with economic value. Al Zahrani said the environmental investment ecosystem includes specialized projects for recycling construction and demolition waste, organic waste, used oils, end-of-life tires, electronic waste, and spent batteries, in addition to establishing and operating factories that produce recycled materials and products serving the industrial and construction sectors. He added that 2025 saw the awarding of several new investment projects in waste recycling, industrial waste, and used oils, alongside an agreement to launch a recycling investment project covering nearly 1.6mn square meters, one of the Kingdom's largest environmental and investment projects. The municipality has also continued promoting environmental investment and developing an integrated waste management system based on circular economy principles, helping transform waste into economic resources that support environmental sustainability and sustainable development. Al Zahrani affirmed that the municipality will continue expanding circular economy and environmental investment projects to enhance quality of life and strengthen the Eastern Province's position as a leading destination for green investment and sustainable development. (Zawya)
- Egypt pushes for more UAE petroleum investments in talks with ENOC, Dragon Oil** - Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources Karim Badawi held talks with the CEOs of Emirates National Oil Company (ENOC) and Dragon Oil to discuss opportunities for scaling investments in the Egyptian petroleum sector, according to a statement, emphasizing that this step reflects the Egyptian economy's strength and credibility, contributing to bolstering investor confidence and creating an attractive investment climate. For his part, Badawi praised the tangible successes achieved by Emirati companies, particularly Dragon Oil, in Egypt, reflecting the group's commitment to expanding its investment programs. He stressed the importance of developing a shared vision and a clear roadmap to leverage promising opportunities, especially in aviation fuel supply, maximizing added value and serving the interests of both sides. Dragon Oil, through its subsidiary the Gulf of Suez Oil Company (GUPCO), in collaboration with the Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation (EGPC), has deployed the latest technology and AI-based tools to enhance field operations in the Gulf of Suez region, which helped boost production and open new avenues for investment. In April, GUPCO unveiled the drilling of a new exploratory well in the South Al Wasl area of the Gulf of Suez, which yielded production rates of approximately 2,500 barrels of oil per day (bopd) and 3mn cubic feet of natural gas. Also, President Abdel Fattah El-Sisi issued a decree last month permitting contracting with the EGPC and Dragon Oil Egypt for oil exploration and exploitation in the East Al-Hammd area in the Gulf of Suez. (Zawya)
- UAE: MoF reports over \$12.53bn in distributed tax revenues for federal, local governments by end of 2025** - The Ministry of Finance (MoF) announced that total revenues collected from Value Added Tax (VAT) and Excise Tax and distributed to the federal and local governments exceeded AED46bn in 2025, up from approximately AED41bn in 2024, reflecting a year-on-year increase of 15%. Mohamed bin Hadi Al Hussaini, Minister of State for Financial Affairs, said that the growth in tax revenues underscores the strength of the UAE's fiscal approach and its ability to sustain stable government resources that bolster fiscal balance while supporting the nation's economic and development priorities in the years ahead. Al Hussaini added that the recorded financial data further highlights the maturity of the UAE's fiscal and tax framework, as well as the transparency and discipline underpinning the management of public resources. These factors continue to strengthen confidence in government performance and support long-term planning based on clear and sustainable foundations. Al Hussaini noted that the Ministry of Finance, in close collaboration with relevant federal and local entities, continues to advance more integrated mechanisms for managing public revenues, enhancing the quality of performance and strengthening the readiness of fiscal policies to respond to economic growth requirements

and future developments He further explained that tax revenues represent a key contributor to public finances within an institutional framework founded on coordination, discipline and clearly defined roles. He noted that the continued strengthening of this framework supports the UAE's development agenda and further reinforces the competitiveness of the national economy. (Zawya)

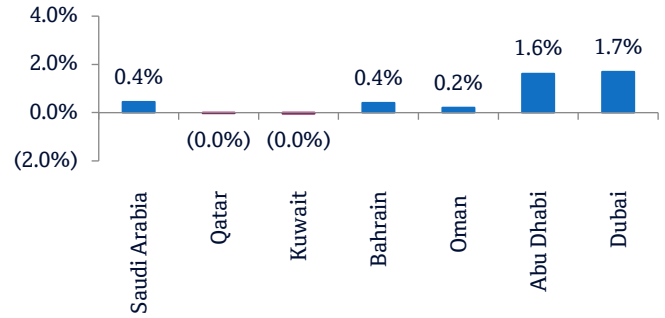
- **Oman economy to grow 2.4% in 2026: World Bank** - Oman's economy is projected to grow by 2.4% in 2026 despite a sharp slowdown across Gulf hydrocarbon exporters, according to the World Bank's June 2026 Global Economic Prospects report. The forecast is 1.2 percentage points lower than the Bank's January projection. The outlook contrasts with a challenging regional environment. GCC growth is projected at 1.3% in 2026, down from 4.5% in 2025, while hydrocarbon exporters across the Middle East are forecast to grow by just 0.3% this year, a downgrade of 4.3 percentage points from the World Bank's January estimates. Oman is expected to outperform several GCC peers. Kuwait's economy is forecast to contract by 6.4% in 2026, while Qatar is projected to shrink by 5.7%, representing downward revisions of nine and 11 percentage points, respectively, from January forecasts. Bahrain is expected to grow by 1.3%, while the UAE is forecast to expand by 2.4% and Saudi Arabia by 3.1%. The World Bank attributed Oman's relatively moderate slowdown to its port geography, noting that the country "is less exposed to the conflict primarily because its major ports are located outside the Strait of Hormuz." While regional shipping routes have faced disruption, Oman's ports at Salalah, Al Duqm and Suhar have helped maintain the flow of trade and cargo. By comparison, several Gulf economies have faced greater exposure to disruptions affecting energy exports and maritime traffic. The report also cited Saudi Arabia's ability to reroute oil exports through the East-West pipeline as a factor supporting its growth outlook. The World Bank noted that limited ship transit through the Strait of Hormuz and damage to energy-related infrastructure have affected oil and gas production in parts of the region. Rising food prices and higher shipping costs are also expected to add inflationary pressures this year. On the fiscal side, the World Bank warned that economic slowdowns in Kuwait and Qatar are likely to be accompanied by worsening fiscal and current account balances due to lower hydrocarbon revenues and higher defense spending. The World Bank expects Oman's growth to strengthen to 3% in 2027 and 3.4% in 2028 as hydrocarbon output recovers, infrastructure investment continues and non-oil sectors maintain their expansion. Inflation is projected to ease as trade conditions improve and transport costs moderate. Fiscal balances are expected to improve as higher hydrocarbon production boosts revenues, while current account surpluses are projected to narrow amid lower energy prices. For the wider Middle East, North Africa, Afghanistan and Pakistan region, growth is forecast to slow to 1.6% in 2026 from 4% in 2025. The World Bank expects regional growth to recover to an average of 4.5% during 2027 and 2028, assuming conflict-related disruptions begin to ease by the end of this year, although it cautioned that the outlook remains subject to significant uncertainty. (Zawya)
- **OMIFCO targets up to 8.3% dividend yield as IPO subscription opens** - Oman India Fertilizer Company (OMIFCO) is offering investors a dividend yield of between 7.8 and 8.3% for 2026, the company has disclosed ahead of an initial public offering (IPO) that opens for subscription on Monday. The fertilizer producer expects to pay a minimum dividend of 12.1 baisa per share, equivalent to RO 80.8mn, for the year ending December 2026, according to details released by the company. Of that total, 6.8 baisa per share is due to be paid in September 2026. The indicated yield is based on an IPO price range of 146 to 156 baisa per share. The listing is one of the most significant on the Muscat Stock Exchange (MSX) in recent years and forms part of the wider divestment program being pursued by Oman Investment Authority. OQ Group is selling down its stake alongside fellow shareholders KRIBHCO and IFFCO, the Indian fertilizer cooperatives that co-own the venture. Bank Muscat is acting as issue manager, with Muscat Clearing and Depository handling settlement. To build investor interest, OMIFCO is staging a series of roadshows across the Sultanate of Oman. The campaign begins in Sur on June 16 at the Grand Sur Hotel, followed by Nizwa on June 17, Salalah on June 21, Suhar on June 23 and Muscat on June 24. Each session runs from 5pm to 6.30pm, with the final event held at the Oman Convention and Exhibition Centre. OMIFCO operates a

world-scale fertilizer complex at Sur, benefiting from competitive natural gas pricing under its supply agreement with Integrated Gas Company. Its prospectus places the company in the second quartile of global urea exporters on cost competitiveness. (Zawya)

Rebased Performance



Daily Index Performance



Source: Bloomberg

Source: Bloomberg

Asset/Currency Performance	Close (\$)	1D%	WTD%	YTD%
Gold/Ounce	4,331.21	0.5	2.7	0.3
Silver/Ounce	70.02	0.0	2.9	(2.3)
Crude Oil (Brent)/Barrel (FM Future)	78.96	(5.1)	(9.6)	29.8
Crude Oil (WTI)/Barrel (FM Future)	76.05	(5.8)	(10.4)	32.4
Natural Gas (Henry Hub)/MMBtu	3.10	1.3	1.3	(22.3)
LPG Propane (Arab Gulf)/Ton	73.60	(1.5)	(5.2)	15.5
LPG Butane (Arab Gulf)/Ton	88.90	(2.9)	(7.3)	15.3
Euro	1.16	0.2	0.3	(1.2)
Yen	160.43	0.1	0.1	2.4
GBP	1.34	0.1	0.1	(0.4)
CHF	1.26	0.2	0.5	(0.1)
AUD	0.71	(0.1)	0.3	5.9
USD Index	99.54	(0.1)	(0.2)	1.2
RUB	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BRL	0.20	(0.6)	(0.6)	8.0

Source: Bloomberg

Global Indices Performance	Close	1D%*	WTD%*	YTD%*
MSCI World Index	4,843.60	(0.4)	1.2	9.3
DJ Industrial	51,999.67	0.6	1.6	8.2
S&P 500	7,511.35	(0.6)	1.1	9.7
NASDAQ 100	26,376.34	(1.2)	1.9	13.5
STOXX 600	636.00	0.3	0.8	6.3
DAX	24,910.41	0.1	1.4	0.5
FTSE 100	10,494.21	0.6	0.3	5.5
CAC 40	8,447.27	0.8	1.5	2.6
Nikkei	69,404.50	0.0	5.0	34.4
MSCI EM	1,775.32	0.6	3.5	26.4
SHANGHAI SE Composite	4,091.89	(0.1)	1.6	6.6
HANG SENG	24,493.95	(1.4)	(0.9)	(5.0)
BSE SENSEX	76,808.48	0.8	2.3	(14.2)
Bovespa	169,648.47	(1.0)	(1.2)	13.6
RTS	4,788.22	0.0	0.0	8.1

Source: Bloomberg (*\$ adjusted returns if any)

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